

Morning Journal.

W. S. BURKE, Editor.

Sunday, October 1.

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REPUBLICAN TICKET.

FOR DELEGATE IN CONGRESS
MON. TRANQUILINO LUNA
OF VALENCIA COUNTY.

THE QUESTION OF PUBLIC SCHOOLS IN NEW MEXICO.

The question of public schools must be, for some time to come, a question of great importance to every citizen of our Territory. We had hoped that our last legislature would have taken up this question and passed some additional legislation upon the subject which might soon have resulted in the establishment of a thorough system of public instruction for the masses of our population; such a system as would soon secure to every child in the Territory the benefit of a common school education. But they failed to do so, and we must look to our next legislature for such legislation. In the mean time we believe it to be the duty of the newspapers of the Territory to agitate the question, setting before the people not only the benefits that would arise from such a system, but also the hindrances to this object as found in the defects of our present school laws. Perhaps we may say something upon these topics in the future, but at present we wish to speak of an important matter relating to a well organized system of public schools, which does not come directly under the Territorial legislation. In order to properly carry out the details of a system of public instruction adequate to the wants of a great State, such as New Mexico must soon become, a large school fund should be provided, the annual interest of which should be used to supplement the school tax raised on property. In this respect New Mexico stands at a great disadvantage with every other Territory and new State. In all the States recently admitted to the Union, certain sections of the public lands in every township of six miles square were designated as school sections, the proceeds of whose sales were donated to the State by the general government, and were to constitute a permanent State school fund to be safely invested by properly selected responsible men, only the interest of which is to be devoted to the aid of carrying on a system of common school education.

The money realized from this source has, in some States, as Iowa, Nebraska and Kansas, amounted to a vast sum. The plan has proved to be a most wise provision on the part of the government, since no one can fail to see the lasting benefits thus secured to the youth of those States, in providing for their thorough education. The States above referred to are, perhaps, more largely agricultural than any other States of the Union, and the result of sales from these sections of lands is so large that its annual interest needs only to be supplemented by a small tax upon property to make it amply sufficient to secure to all children of school age the best of instructions for from six to nine months during each year. New Mexico is largely a mining and grazing section, and much of the land will never be purchased from the government except at a very low rate. Besides a large portion of the Territory, and in many cases, the best portion, is secured to private individuals by land grants. Subtracting these grants, together with that portion of the Territory already occupied and owned by actual settlers, and there remains no more which is likely to be sold for many years at government prices, than would amount to a sum sufficient for educational purposes. Therefore we would recommend that Congress be asked to appropriate all the funds received from the sale of public lands in the Territory to the establishment of a permanent school fund whose interest shall be devoted to the carrying on a system of common school instruction which shall be free to every child of school age in the Territory.

PLEASE CORRECT IT.

The Albuquerque fair was a financial failure.—Las Vegas Optic.
Our neighbor of the Optic is mistaken, and we hope he will correct the above. The Albuquerque fair was not a financial failure, except in the same sense that a church or a public school is a financial failure. It did not take in at the gates, or for the sale of privileges, as much money as it paid out, but the citizens of Albuquerque promptly made up the deficiency. Nobody supposed that the amount taken in during the fair would be sufficient to pay the heavy expenses necessary, and the liberal premiums offered. The people of Albuquerque expected to have to put their hands into their own pockets and they did it cheerfully. Every bill is promptly paid, every winner of a premium gets his money, and the funds are raised just as we expected to raise them.—partly from fees received during the exhibition, and partly from public subscriptions. This being the case there is no financial failure.

CORRECTION.

Albuquerque will soon have a smelter in blast. If they could concentrate the rays of the sun upon the ore they could dispense with the use of coal.—Topeka Commonwealth.

For real downright coolness—coolness enough to freeze up the hottest

smelter in New Mexico—the above is entitled to the blue ribbon. The idea that a man living in Kansas, and in Topeka, at that, should talk to New Mexico about the sun's rays! There hasn't been a single day this summer, in Albuquerque, too warm for comfort, in the shade, while in Topeka for weeks together the weather was hot as well! It wouldn't be polite to name the only region having weather equally hot. But Albuquerque will soon have the smelter in full blast, all the same, and the smelter will be hot.

THE TRADE OF NEW MEXICO.

The Chicago Inter Ocean makes the absurd statement, in connection with the opening of the new road to Chihuahua, that New Mexico looks to the region about Chicago for "all the wagons and agricultural machinery" that she needs. Also that "all through New Mexico merchants and others are found who look to Chicago for supplies." In the face of the fact that Kansas City is not only one of the greatest markets in the world for agricultural implements, but also the acknowledged pork and beef center, it is not very likely that New Mexico will buy the extra freight from Chicago, when the same necessary articles can be obtained here at low rates.—Kansas City Journal.

During the progress of such commercial contests as the above item refers to, New Mexico looks on with a great deal of interest. Like the old lady whose husband fought the bear, she doesn't care particularly "which ticks," but she is glad to see that the big cities at last begin to recognize the fact that her trade is worth fighting for, and her merchants are shrewd enough to buy where they can buy to the best advantage.

STICKS TO IT.

The Socorro Sun still insists that everything is not lovely in the Republican camp in that vicinity, and says that some of the most prominent Republicans of the place are in the bolt. In referring to the dispatch announcing the nomination of Manzanarez by the Democracy, the Sun says:

This dispatch is reliable from the fact that Mr. Wolf is a delegate, and when the fact became known last evening, a number of Republicans who were delegates to the Albuquerque convention assembled on the corner of Manzanarez avenue and California street to ratify the nomination of Frank Manzanarez. Pete Simpson, who is Luna's henchman, had to come to the front with two bottles of Luna's extra dry at Damm & Marks' headquarters, but Pete took the nomination good naturedly, and made another yank on Montoya's bull!

If the Sun persists in making such statements as this every day, it will lead the public to believe after awhile that there is really some trouble in the Republican party of Socorro.

A CYCLOPE OF OFFENSES.

The nomination of Don Romero de Baza Luna by the Republicans of New Mexico as delegate to congress, sweeps the territory with a perfect cyclone of enthusiasm.—Topeka Commonwealth.

Correct. The Republicans of New Mexico, generally, are as enthusiastic in their support of Luna as the Commonwealth is in its support of St. John.

CLEAR AS MUD.

We have heard several reports of how it was done, but this, from the Golden Retort—sometimes known as the Flopper—is altogether the most satisfactory:

It was a combination of the most fortuitous causes and circumstances born of progress and the inevitable law of right and justice that secured Luna's triumph.

The Golden Retort, received yesterday has a few items about a late Republican Territorial Convention.—Let's see! The Convention nominated Luna, didn't it.

The Albuquerque Journal issued an unexpectably good paper during fair week.—Golden Retort.
You're right in that particular. Now don't do it.

How the Chinese Make Dwarf Trees.

We have all known from childhood how the Chinese cram their women's feet, and so manage to make them keepers-at-home; but how they grow miniature pines and oaks in flower-pots for half a century has always been much of a secret. They aim first and last at the seat of vigorous growth, endeavoring to weaken it as much as may be consistent with the preservation of life. Take a young plant—say a seedling or cutting of cedar—when only two or three inches high, cut off its tap-root as soon as it has other roots left to live upon, and replant it in an earthen pot or pan. The end of the tap-root is generally made to rest on a stone within it. Alluvial clay is then put into the pot, much of it in bits the size of beans, and just enough in kind and quantity to furnish a scanty nourishment to the plant. Water enough is given to keep it in growth, but not enough to excite a vigorous habit. So, likewise, in the application of light and heat. As the Chinese prize themselves on the shape of their miniature trees, they use strings, wires, and pegs and various other mechanical contrivances to promote symmetry of habit or to fashion their pines into odd, fancy figures.

A Long Way Around.

Nevada State Journal, Sept. 7.
A few days ago a block of coal, four feet wide, four feet high and ten feet long, and weighing 12,900 pounds, was taken west on a flat car, on the way to the Denver exposition, where it is to be exhibited. It was taken from a coal mine in Utah owned by the Denver & Rio Grande railroad company, who are now building a road from Salt Lake City east, to intersect their line to the Rio Grande. This company is at war with the Union Pacific, and rather than patronize or accept a favor from that road, they send the coal, which was mined within a few hundred miles of Denver, north on the Utah Central Pacific to Lathrop, Cal., thence south to Yuma and east to New Mexico on the Southern Pacific, and thence north on their own road to Denver.

Old Fellows.

The Sovereign Grand Lodge, Independent Order of Old Fellows, was in annual session at Baltimore last week.

There was the usual amount of business transacted, which concerns the whole brotherhood.

A memorial from the Grand Lodge of Mississippi was presented on the subject matter of the foundation of a national endowment association under the auspices of the Sovereign Grand Lodge. We give an extract from the memorial:

Suppose upon the death of a brother each member of the order at large paid an assessment of one cent, it would amount to the sum of \$5,000, out of which the beneficiary could be paid \$3,000 or even \$4,000, leaving the large sum of \$1,000 in the endowment treasury to pay the cost of collecting assessments and other expenses of the association. Again, suppose for the sake of convenience, and acting on this same basis, an assessment of one dollar was levied upon every member, when one hundred had occurred, it would yield the vast sum of \$500,000. Think for a moment of the blessings it would bestow.

This memorial was referred to a special committee of nine, which committee made a favorable report which will be acted upon at the next annual communication.

COMPARATIVE STATISTICS.

	Year 1881.	Over 1881.
Subordinate lodges.	7,258 00	81,762 00
Subordinate encampments.	1,700 00	4,014 00
Lodge initiations.	40,500 00	10,500 00
Lodge members.	475,048 00	1,000,000 00
Encampment members.	80,812 00	1,148 00
Relief by lodges.	1,137,418 84	12,408 81
Relief by encampments.	1,412 52	1,412 52
Relief by Rebekah lodges.	5,405 91	900 00
Total relief.	1,139,237 28	16,121 35
Subordinate lodges.	4,427 22	22,621 32
Encampment encampments.	607,483 70	12,678 21
Relief of Rebekah lodges.	2,117 45	
Total received.	\$43,845 77	\$26,600 40

We copy the following from The Cincinnati Commercial:

The election of Eric J. Leech as Grand Sire by the Sovereign Grand Lodge, now in session in Baltimore, is received with great satisfaction by the entire brotherhood as one who will reflect great credit upon the high position. Brother Leech was born in Erie county, New York in 1826, and came to Ohio in 1838, settling in Cuyahoga county, near Cleveland, which was then almost a wilderness. He was educated in Twinsburg, Summit county, under the tutelage of Rev. Samuel Russell, a graduate of Yale college. His parents died when he was a juvenile, a young but having received a fair classical education he removed to Fort Madison, Iowa, in 1850. In 1851 he was appointed deputy treasurer and recorder of Lee county. In 1852 he was appointed deputy clerk of the district court, and in 1854 removed to Keokuk where he has since resided. He was admitted to the bar in 1852, and practiced with great ability for four years, and was also United States commissioner. He was made an Old Fellow in 1854, in Puckett chuck lodge, No. 437, of Iowa. He became past grand in 1857 and was elected representative during the same year. He became grand master of Iowa in 1860, and representative of the Sovereign Grand Lodge in 1861. Here he continued in active official service until 1880, when he was elected deputy grand sire by a large majority over two of the most distinguished members in the United States. During his official career he has served on some of the most important committees with distinguished success. He is the author of the digest of the laws of the state of Iowa, and has contributed many valuable essays to the literature of the order. Personally he is very popular, and has many warm friends throughout every jurisdiction.

The following is taken from the conclusion of the very elaborate and interesting report of Grand Secretary Ross to the Sovereign Grand Lodge, now in session.

The returns exhibit an additional of 13,069 to the numerical strength of the order, in the jurisdictions reporting to the Grand Lodge. The temples devoted to Old Fellowship have been increased, and the three linked banner has been unfurled upon heretofore forbidden soil. Nearly five millions of dollars have been expended for the benefit of 1,000,000 of brothers relieved, 133,000 widowed families assisted, 95,000 brothers buried, the figures are simply astonishing. These results cannot fail to gladden the heart of every Old Fellow, and to impress him with the firm belief that however unstable other institutions of human origin may be, there is something in this order, some potent influence of good, a power that we feel to fully appreciate, guiding our efforts and directing our energies into the grand channel of success.

Crop Items.

The Albuquerque Journal says:—"New Mexico can raise just as good corn as Kansas." It is evident that the editor of the Journal took his first lessons in agriculture not far removed from the Missouri river. A Kansas editor can always be recognized by his crop items.—Topeka Commonwealth.

Horsford's Acid Phosphate.

Valuable Medicine.
Dr. W. H. Parnelle, Toledo, Ohio, says, "I have prescribed the 'acid' in a large variety of diseases, and have been amply satisfied that it is a valuable addition to our list of medicinal agents."

HOSTETTER'S

STOMACH BITTERS

The true antidote to the effects of malarial fevers, biliousness, indigestion, and all the ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a powerful purgative, and is in immediate demand wherever there is a case of malarial fever, biliousness, indigestion, or any of the ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a powerful purgative, and is in immediate demand wherever there is a case of malarial fever, biliousness, indigestion, or any of the ailments of the stomach and bowels.

AN EXTRAORDINARY OFFER.

There are a number of persons out of employment in every county—yet energetic men willing to work do not need to be. Those willing to work can make from \$100 to \$500 a month clear, working for us in a pleasant and permanent business. The amount our agents make varies, some make as high as \$500 a month while others as low as \$100. Any man can make an investment of the agent. We have an article of great merit. It should be sold to every householder, and pays over 100 per cent profit. Each sale is from \$2.50 to \$10.00. One agent in Pennsylvania sold 32 in two days, and cleared \$84.00. An agent in New York made \$35.00 in one day. Any man with energy enough to work a full day, and will do this during the year can make from \$2,000 to \$5,000 a year. We only want one man in each county, and to him will give the exclusive sale as long as he continues to work faithfully for us. There is no competition, and nothing like our invention, made. Parties having from \$200 to \$1,000 to invest, can obtain a general agency for ten counties or a State. Any one can make an investment of from \$25 to \$1,000 without the least risk of loss, as our circulars will show that those investing \$50 can after a 30 days trial return the money and get their money back if they do not clear at least \$100. They show that a general agent who will take on contracts and invest their money after a trial of 30 days return all goods unsold to us, and have money returned to them if they fail to clear at least \$750 in that time. There are many persons having money to invest, who could not get the business personal attention—such can employ sub-agents without leaving a large amount of money yearly out of a very small investment; we are not paying salaries, but want men willing to work and obtain as they pay the profits of their energy. Men not willing to work on our terms will not work on any. Those meaning business will receive our large descriptive circular, and extraordinary offer by enclosing a three-cent stamp, with their address. The first to comply with our terms will secure the county or counties they may wish to work.

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Real Estate and Insurance Broker

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Agent for the A. & P. Addition, and business, and residence lots all over the city.

Stock ranches, vegetable & fruit and other farms and Mexican grants.

Send for my Real Estate Adviser.

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Hotel fitted up first class in every respect. Able supplied the best market affords. The most pleasant rooms in the city now fitted up and ready for occupancy.

J. E. GIRARD

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Blacksmith, Wagon & Carriage Maker

Special attention given to Horseshoeing.

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Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

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Lime, Stone, Glass, Etc.

280 West and coal delivered to any part in season.

When not in season, please call on J. S. Brownell, 280 West and coal delivered to any part in season.

On or before August 1st, New Albuquerque.

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AT THE

OPERA HOUSE

TO-NIGHT TO-NIGHT

—TO—

E. P. SULLIVAN,

LAST NIGHT OF THE

BLACK CROOK.

Admission to all Parts of the House,

\$1.00.

PREMIUM COAL!

—THE—

PACIFIC COAL COMPANY,

Of Albuquerque, received the First Premium at the late Territorial Fair for the

BEST BITUMINOUS COAL

Just as good coal as that which took the premium kept for sale by the company all the time, and is

Delivered in Every Part of the City at

\$7.50 PER TON!

OFFICE On Front Street Opposite Central Bank.

COMPOSITION

AND

GRAVEL ROOFING.

Adobe House Protector.

This composition roofing is by far the cheapest and most durable, entirely fire-proof, less liable to blow off, cooled in summer and warmest in winter, easiest to repair, and least liable to get out of repair; requires no painting or attention, and is especially adapted for adobe roofs, at an expense less than one-half the cost of iron, tin, or shingles. All work warranted for five years.

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STOVES AND TINWARE.

Fire Arms, Ammunition, Cutlery, Pumps, Nails, Carpenter, Blacksmith and Miners' Tools.

PLUMBING AND GASFITTING.

MANUFACTURERS OF

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Orders by Mail, Telegram or Telephone promptly attended to.

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IRON, STEEL, and Wagon-timber and Plows. Wooden ware.

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Agents for Dupont and Hercules Powder Companies.

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Consult your interests; inspect the stock and inquire our prices. Satisfaction guaranteed.

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Estimates furnished on any class of work.

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HO, FOR

CHIHUAHUA!

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LAS VEGAS

MONDAY, OCTOBER 2d

(Under the auspices of the pastor and trustees of the First Presbyterian Church of Las Vegas), by the regular train, and returning will reach

Las Vegas, Saturday, Oct 7th.

Allowing two days for sight-seeing in the Ancient Cathedral City of Chihuahua

FARE FOR THE ROUND TRIP:

From Las Vegas and all points below, in first-class coaches, \$22.00, each ticket; in Pullman cars, \$35.00, each ticket; or \$70.00, two tickets, for each berth, each berth holding two persons.

Persons at a distance can obtain tickets by forwarding amount to the First National Bank, or Brown & Manzanarez, Las Vegas.

The cars will be at the disposal of the passengers during their stay in Chihuahua.

Parties from Pueblo, and other stations north of Las Vegas, will be allowed round trip tickets to Las Vegas, and return, for one fare, on application to their Local Agents, in order to connect with the excursion, but they must produce their excursion ticket to render them entitled to this reduction.

The train leaving Kansas City on the evening of Saturday, September 30th, will connect with the excursion at Las Vegas.

Tickets must be purchased not later than September 25th, so as to enable the committee to make the necessary arrangements.

Tickets for Sale in Albuquerque by A. W. CLELAND, Jr., at H-feld & Co's, First Street and Silver Avenue.

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